



SF101G THRU SF106G

Glass Passivated Super Fast Recovery Rectifier

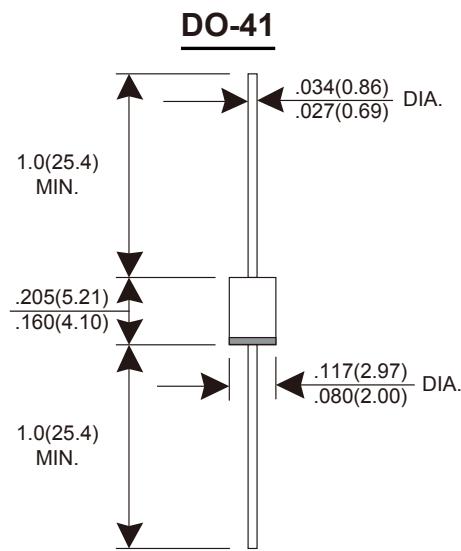
Features

- ★ Fast switching for high efficiency
- ★ Low forward voltage drop
- ★ High current capability
- ★ Low reverse leakage current
- ★ High surge current capability

Mechanical Data

- ★ Case: Molded plastic, DO-41
- ★ Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- ★ Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208
- ★ Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- ★ Mounting position: Any

**Voltage Range 50 to 600 V
Current 1.0 Ampere**



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SF101G	SF102G	SF103G	SF104G	SF105G	SF106G	UNIT				
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	300	400	600	V				
Maximum RMS voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	210	280	420	V				
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	300	400	600	V				
Maximum average forward rectified current @T _A =55°C	I _{F(AV)}	1.0						A				
Peak forward surge current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load	I _{FSM}	30						A				
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage @ I _F =1.0A	V _F	0.95		1.3		1.7		V				
Maximum DC reverse current @T _A =25°C at rated DC blocking voltage @T _A =125°C	I _R	1 150						µA				
Maximum reverse recovery time (Note 1)	t _{rr}	35						ns				
Typical junction capacitance (Note 2)	C _J	40		25		pF						
Typical thermal resistance from junction to ambient (Note 3)	R _{θJA}	60						°C/W				
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T _{J,TSTG}	-55 to +150						°C				

NOTES : (1) Reverse recovery test conditions I_F = 0.5A, I_R = 1.0A, I_{rr} = 0.25A.

(2) Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 Volts DC.

(3) Thermal resistance from junction to ambient at 0.375" (9.5 mm) lead length, PCB mounted.

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES SF101G THRU SF106G

Fig.1 - Forward Current Derating Curve

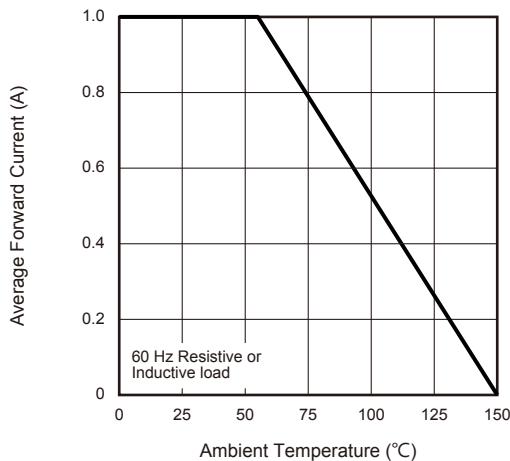


Fig.2 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

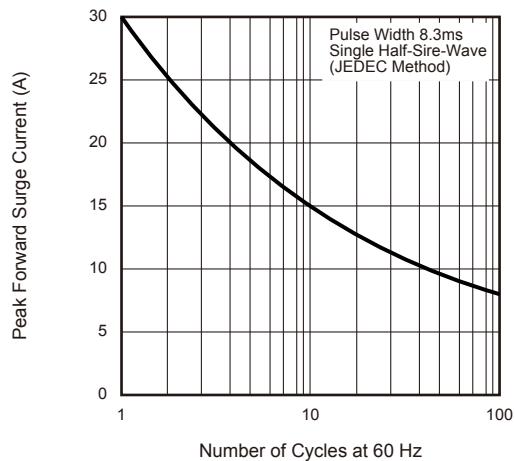


Fig.3 - Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics

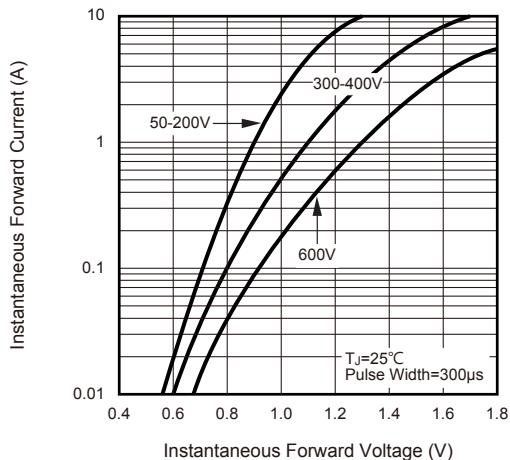


Fig.4 - Typical Reverse Leakage Characteristics

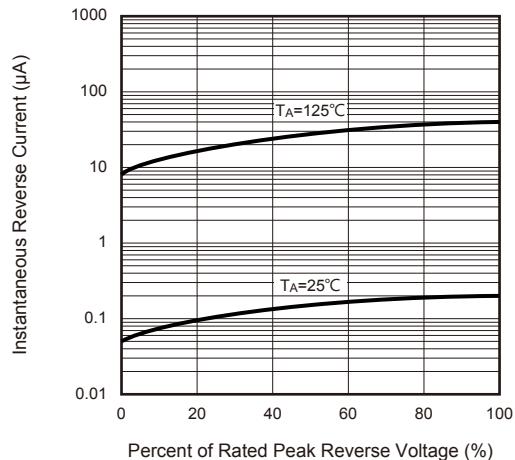


Fig.5 - Typical Junction Capacitance

